1. Identification
Product number 100009138
Product identifier 14 OZ TERAND SKIN SHIELD LB 12PK
Company information CPC
1005 S. Westgate Drive
Addison, IL 60101 United States
Company phone General Assistance 630-543-7600
Emergency telephone US 1-866-836-8855
Emergency telephone outside US 1-952-852-4646
Version # 01
Recommended use Not available.
Recommended restrictions None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification
Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1
Health hazards Sensitization, skin Category 1
Environmental hazards Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger
Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statement Prevention
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves.
Response If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients
Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Propanediol</td>
<td></td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td></td>
<td>75-28-5</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Myristate</td>
<td></td>
<td>110-27-0</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine</td>
<td></td>
<td>102-71-6</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-chloro-3,5-xylenol</td>
<td></td>
<td>88-04-0</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other components below reportable levels 80 - 90
4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**
Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

**Eye contact**
Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion**
Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Dermatitis. Rash. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information**
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire-fighting equipment/instructions**
Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

**Specific methods**
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**General fire hazards**
Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

**Small Spills:** Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1900 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>800 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Aerosol.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Skin protection

Respiratory protection

If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations
When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
- Physical state: Gas.
- Form: Aerosol.
- Color: Not available.
- Odor: Not available.
- Odor threshold: Not available.
- pH: Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point: Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: 212 °F (100 °C) estimated
- Flash point: -99.4 °F (-73.0 °C) PROPELLANT estimated
- Evaporation rate: Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
- Flammability limit - lower (%): Not available.
- Flammability limit - upper (%): Not available.
- Explosive limit - lower (%): Not available.
- Explosive limit - upper (%): Not available.

Vapor pressure: 23.01 psig @70F estimated
Vapor density: Not available.
Relative density: Not available.
Solubility(ies)
- Solubility (water): Not available.
- Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
- Decomposition temperature: Not available.
- Viscosity: Not available.

Other information
- Specific gravity: 0.868 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid
Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
- Ingestion: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
- Inhalation: No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.
Skin contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Dermatitis. Rash. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>19700 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>24900 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>22000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>52 %, 120 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1355 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Myristate (CAS 110-27-0)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5.3 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 4300 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>6400 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not available.

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.
Reproductive toxicity
This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Chronic effects
May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Water flea (Daphnia magna)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>IC50</td>
<td>Algae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>log Kow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Propanediol</td>
<td>-0.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>2.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>UN proper shipping name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1950</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions N82

Packaging exceptions 306

Packaging non bulk None

Packaging bulk None

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

IATA

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards No.

ERG Code 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

Packaging Exceptions LTD QTY

IMDG

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging Exceptions LTD QTY

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT
15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
No
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>% by wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diethanolamine</td>
<td>111-42-2</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A “Yes” indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-16-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision Information
Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names